

# Pour que la nuit finisse

for mezzo soprano and small ensemble

Bart Vanhecke

**list of instruments :**

bass flute

bass clarinet in Bb

percussion (1 player) :

- marimba
- vibraphone
- crotales (2 octaves)
- triangle
- 2 tam-tams (medium or large)
- waterphone
- 6 gongs:



- bass drum

- normal set of mallets and beaters, double bass bow, sand paper.

The percussionist is free to choose mallets and beaters except if otherwise indicated.

mezzo soprano

range:



piano

viola

cello

**duration:** ca. 15 minutes

This piece was commissioned by the Hermes Ensemble

## Remarks :

### general :

All instruments play with the least possible vibrato throughout, except if otherwise indicated

All instruments are written in C in the score (bass flute and bass clarinet sound 1 octave lower than written (indicated by octava-clef), crotales sound two octaves higher.

All trills are played with the natural upper second except when otherwise indicated (with a small notehead)

- ♯ : one quarter-tone sharp
- ♭ : one quarter-tone flat
- ↗ ↘ ↙ ↖ : a little higher (arrow up) or lower (arrow down)  
than given accidental
- gliss. : glissando
- sim. : as before
- ord. : normal way of playing (after effect)
-  : undetermined number of repeated notes of the same pitch as the first note (in gettato)
-  : very high (or highest possible) pitch

### wind instruments :

- Fingerings in the score relate to the following charts  
(Bartolozzi and Bok):

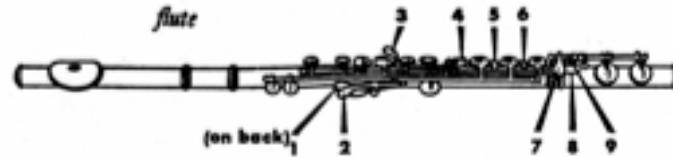
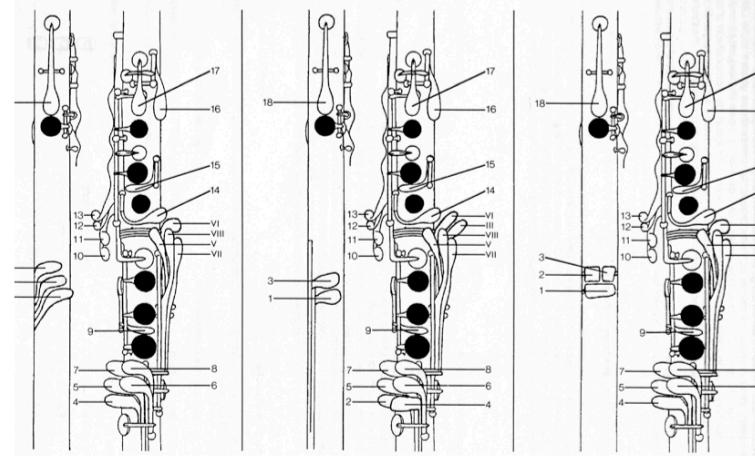


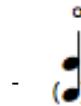
Schéma 1 : Selmer (ancien modèle)  
Diagram 1 : Selmer (old model)

Schéma 2 : Selmer (nouveau modèle)  
Diagram 2 : Selmer (new model)

Schéma 3 : Buffet Crampon  
Diagram 3 : Buffet Crampon



- ○ : open key
- ● : closed key
- ⊗ : half open key



: harmonics. The note between brackets indicates the fundamental.

- aeolian sound : sound with audible breath noise.



: flatterzunge (flz)



: split sound (clarinet)



: Sing (or hum) circle-shaped note while playing a “normal” note on the instrument. The sung tone should be softer than the instrumental tone to create distortion of the tone without really hearing the voice. Sung notes are written in same transposition as the instruments. The pitch of the sung note can be transposed up or down an octave if necessary. Use the pitch that creates the strongest distortion of the tone.



: (clarinet) tongue slap. normal notehead: with tone. x-shaped notehead: toneless slap

- T+ : Strong tonguing with additional air

- ⊥ : reversed tonguing

- ● : (flute) covered embouchure hole (cover embouchure hole completely with mouth).

- W

: smorzato. fast lip movement pronouncing repeated “w” while playing normally

### percussion :

- bow : use double bass (or cello) bow on indicated instrument

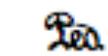
- ~ : let vibrate (l.v.) (only indicated before a rest).



S : scraping swish with handle of beater at a 90° angle on gong or tam-tam producing a metallic sound.

- waterphone: always keep the pitch as stable as possible. Only bend the tone if necessary to get in tune. If no suitable waterphone is available it may be replaced by (bowed) crotales (sounding two octaves higher than written).

piano :



: damper pedal



: pedal change



: harmonics. Lightly touch the string with a finger of the right hand at a node on  $\frac{1}{4}$  of the string length, producing a tone sounding 2 octaves higher. The key corresponding to the given string is struck with the left hand.



: damped tone. press string with one or more right hand fingers hard enough to avoid harmonics.



: pizz. pluck string with finger nail.



: hand slap cluster. Hit strings with the palm of the hand in a range around the indicated pitch.



: chromatic cluster between indicated limits

strings :

Articulation signs (accents, staccato dots) at the end of a slur are to be played in the same bowing as the preceding note(s).

- SP : sul ponticello. very close to the bridge, producing a very metallic sound with a rich overtone spectrum.

- ord : normal position on string

- gett. : gettato (with unspecified number of notes of the same pitch as the first note)

- ST : sul tasto

- : col legno (CL) battuto (hit with wood of bow)

- : slap (Bartok pizzicato)

- : cracked sound. Bow slowly with very high bow pressure.

- : quarter-tone vibrato



: diamond-shaped noteheads = half stops. left hand presses down the string very lightly producing “white noise” (and no harmonic) with only a hint of pitch. This effect can also be obtained by pressing two fingers next to each other lightly onto the string while bowing lightly.

for my mother

# Pour que la nuit finisse

for mezzo soprano and small ensemble

Bart Vanhecke  
text: Pierre Reverdy

**Tempo 1 (♩ = 66) poco agitato**

The musical score consists of six staves, each representing a different instrument or voice part. The instruments are:

- Bass Flute
- Bass Clarinet
- Percussion
- mezzo soprano
- Piano
- Viola
- Cello

The score is divided into two systems. The first system (measures 1-4) features dynamic markings such as **ff**, **f**, **mf**, **mp**, and **sffz**. Performance instructions include *tongue slap* for Bass Clarinet, bass drum (on rim) for Percussion, and gongs for the piano. The second system (measures 5-8) continues with dynamic markings like **f**, **ff**, **sfz**, and **sp**. The Viola staff includes instructions for increasing bow pressure and creating a cracked sound. The Cello staff includes pizzicato and arco markings.

B. Fl.

B. Cl.

Perc. [gongs] marimba

mezzo sop.

Pno.

Vla. SP V pizz. arco ord. (CL batt.) pizz. ff

Vc. SP 3:2 gliss. f 3:2 6:4 6:4 3:2 ff 3:2 ord. ff

B. Fl. 7 6:4  
*sfz* *mf* *f*

B. Cl. 8 3:2  
*sfmp* *+4* *+2* (sempre sim)

Perc. 7 bass drum (on rim) marimba 3:2  
*ff* *sfmf* *f*

mezzo sop. 7

Pno. 7 ord. 3:2  
*f*

Vla. 7 arco SP 3:2 6:4 3:2 CL batt.  
*molto* *sfz*

Vc. 8 (quarter tone vibrato) SP vib fast  
*mp*

ord. 6:4 6:4 6:4 3:2 SP  
*mp* *f* *mp* *mp*

B. Fl. 10 *ff* 3:2

B. Cl. ff

Perc. 10 5:4 *ff*

mezzo sop.

Pno. 10 5:4 3:2 *ff* ord. *mf*

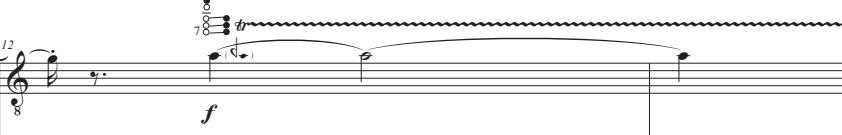
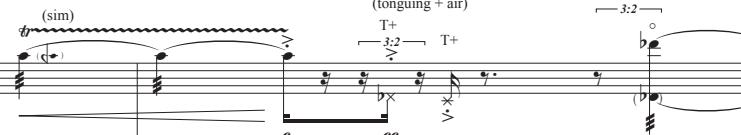
Vla. 10 *sfz* *mf* 12:8 *sfz* *mf* increase bow pressure 3:2 6:4 *pizz.* 5:4 arco SP 3:2 vib *mp*

Vc. increase bow pressure *sfz* ord. 3:2 *mf* 5:4 *pizz.* 5:4 *sfz* *sfz* *sfz*

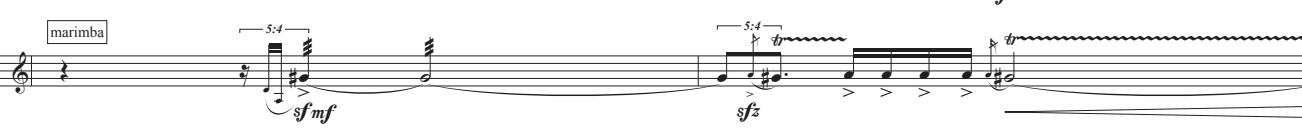
*smorzato (see instructions)  
moderately fast*

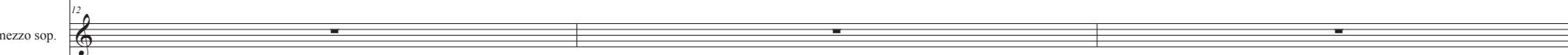
*w* *o* 6:4 6:4 3:2

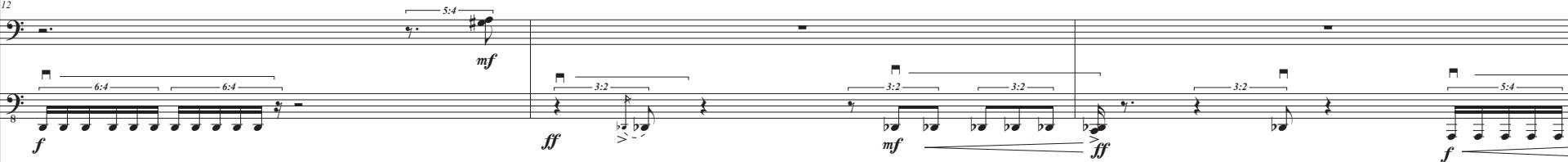
*f* > > > > >

B. Fl. 12  (sim) 

B. Cl. 

Perc. 12 [gongs] 

mezzo sop. 12 

Pno. 12 

Vla. 12 

Vc. 

B. Fl. 15 ffz

B. Cl. ffz

Perc. bass drum pp sfp

mezzo sop.

Pno. (ord.) f trb ord. hand slap cluster ffz

Vla. z ord. SP ord. SP (non dim.) pizz. vib arco SP ord. gliss. sfmf sfz

Vc. z ord. SP ord. SP pizz. vib arco SP ord. sfz sfmf

B. Fl. 19 T+ *sffz f* *mf*

B. Cl. *f* *mf*

Perc. marimba 19 *sff-f* *mf* *trb*

mezzo sop. 19 -

Pno. 19 *f* *ff* *ff* *(harm.)* *o* *mf* *o* *3:2* *o* *3:2* *o*

Vla. 19 ord. *mp* *mf* *mf* *sfz* *mf*

Vc. *sfz* *mp* *sfz* *mf* *pizz.* *mf* *arco*

23

B. Fl. *mf* *ff sfz* *mf* *mp* *p* (*no cresc.*) *p*

B. Cl. *mp* *3:2* *tr 4* *3:2* *+4* *p* *mp* *3:2* *ord. tr* *3:2* *as before*

Perc. *mf* *mp* *3:2* *3:2*

mezzo sop.

23

Pno. *mf* *3:2* *3:2* *mp* *p* *pp*

Vla. *pizz. (ord.)* *arco* *pp* *mp* *pp* *pizz.* *mp*

Vc. *pizz. (ord.)* *arco* *3:2* *3:2* *p* *mp* *pp* *pizz.* *mp* *arco* *p*

Musical score page 9, featuring six staves of music for various instruments. The score includes parts for Bassoon Flute (B. Fl.), Bassoon Clarinet (B. Cl.), Percussion (Perc.), Mezzo Soprano (mezzo sop.), Piano (Pno.), Violin (Vla.), and Cello (Vc.). The score is divided into measures by vertical bar lines. Measure numbers 27, 18, 108, 137, and 15 are indicated above the staves. Dynamic markings such as *mf*, *p*, *mp*, *pp*, *sfp*, and *sim.* are present. Performance instructions like "gongs" and "as before" are also included. Measure 27 starts with *mf* for B. Fl. and B. Cl., followed by *p* and *mp*. Measure 18 follows with *p* and *mp*. Measure 108 starts with *p* and *tr*, followed by *p* and *tr as before*. Measure 137 starts with *sfp*. Measure 15 follows with *p* and *mp*. Measure 27 ends with *p* and *pp*. Measure 18 starts with *p* and *mp*. Measure 108 starts with *p* and *tr*, followed by *p* and *tr as before*. Measure 137 starts with *sfp*. Measure 15 follows with *p* and *mp*. Measure 27 ends with *p* and *pp*.

**A Tempo***poco rit.*

(♩ = 66)

18  
sim.  
B. Fl. 30

B. Cl. 18  
VI  
(use thumb) 18  
12  
(9) 6  
18  
Bass drum  
(on rim)  
Perc. 30  
mezzo sop. 30  
Pno. 30  
Vla. 30  
Vc. S.P. 30  
ord.  
pp  
mf  
T+  
mp  
pp  
p  
mp  
p  
mp  
ff  
mp  
le  
mf  
mf  
mf  
mf  
mf  
mf  
mf  
mf

B. Fl. 33

B. Cl. 33

Perc.

mezzo sop. 33

Pno. 33

Vla. 33

Vc. 33

*bocca chiusa*

*increase bow pressure (cracked sound)*

*ord.*

*C.L. batt.*

*3:2*

*p* *pp* *mp* *p* *ppp*

*pR* *in* *temps* *(mm)*

*p*

*3:2*

*p* *sfz* *pp* *C.L. batt.*

*arco* *S.P.* *ord.*

*p* *sfz* *pp* *C.L. batt.*

*p* *pp* *3:2*

37

B. Fl. *p* *pp*

T+ *mf*

B. Cl. *p* *mf* *mp* *p*

Perc. *sfp* *mf* *sfp* *mp*

mezzo sop. *mp* *mf* *mp* *p*  
le prin - temps sa - ges - se

Pno. *p* *mf* *p* *mf*

Vla. *mp* *p* *mf* *p* *sfz* *p* *gliss.*

Vc. *p* *mf* *p* *sfz* *p*

41

B. Fl. *pp*

B. Cl. *pp*

Perc. *p* *mf* *sfp*

mezzo sop.

Pno. *mp* *mf* *pp* *p* *mf* *sf mp* *gliss.* *mf* *mp*

Vla. *p* *mp* *p* *SP* *ord.* *SP* *gliss.* *mf*

Vc. *p* *sfz* *p* *mp* *p* *CL batt.* *SP* *gliss.* *mf*

B. Fl. 45 5:4 5:4 3:2 *tr5* 5:4 5:4  
*mp* (non dim.) *sfmf* *p* *f*  
B. Cl. 5:4 *mf* *mf* *poco f*

Perc. 45 [gongs] normal beater cymbals medium crash medium ride 6:4 [gongs]  
*mp* *p* *poco* *f* *p*

mezzo sop. 45 very little pitch 6:4 6:4 (poco vib.) 3:2 5:4 3:2 5:4  
T T T T T T T T toit le toit toit

Pno. 45 5:4 5:4 3:2 3:2 *mp* *mp* *mf*

Vla. 45 5:4 vib sempre SP *mp* *f* *mf* (non cresc.)  
Vc. 5:4 vib sempre SP *mp* *f* *mf* *sfz* *mf*

B. Fl. *sffz* (5:4) *trb* (6:4) *sffz* (3:2) *trb* (8:4) *(loco)* *b>*

B. Cl. *f* (5:4) *mf* (5:4) *f* (5:4) *(cracked sound)* *ff* *ff* *f*

Perc. *mf* (damp) *f* (*p*) *ff* *tam-tam* (small) *f* (large) *f* (*ma non troppo*)

mezzo sop. *f* *ff* *f* *ff* *gliss.* *f* *ff* *le* *toit* *le* *toit* *blanc*

Pno. *f* *mp* *ff* *damp* *ff* *ff* *ff* *ff* *trb* *sfz* *molto vib. non dim.*

Vla. *sffz* *sp* *gliss.* *f* *ff* *ord.* *ff* *sffz* *f* *sfz* *gliss.* *ff* *mp*

Vc. *sffz* *sp* *gliss.* *f* *ff* *ord.* *f* *sffz* *f* *sfz* *gliss.* *f* *ff*

52

B. Fl. 8

B. Cl. ♩ 8  
s<sup>f</sup><sub>z</sub>

Perc. cymbals 52 mp ff

bass drum (on rim) 18 ff +12 sim.

mezzo sop.

Pno. ff s<sup>f</sup><sub>z</sub> 5:4 5:4 5:4 ff 12:8 12:8 f

Vla. ff 12:8 SP pizz. ♩ arco SP f ff

Vc. pizz. ♩ arco ord. SP s<sup>f</sup><sub>z</sub> f ff f

8<sup>va</sup>

This musical score page contains six staves of music. The top staff features Bassoon (B. Fl.) and Bassoon (B. Cl.) parts. The second staff shows Percussion (Perc.) playing cymbals. The third staff is for Mezzo-Soprano (mezzo sop.). The fourth staff is for Piano (Pno.). The fifth staff is for Violin (Vla.). The bottom staff is for Cello (Vc.). The score includes various dynamics such as fortissimo (ff), sforzando (s fz), mezzo-forte (mf), and piano (p). It also includes performance instructions like 'bass drum (on rim)' and 'cymbals'. Measure numbers 52, 18, and T+ are indicated above the staves. Measure 52 starts with a bassoon solo followed by a bassoon entry with a dynamic change. The piano part features a rhythmic pattern of eighth notes. The violin and cello parts show sustained notes with grace notes. The bassoon entries continue with complex patterns of eighth and sixteenth notes. The score concludes with a dynamic ff and a bassoon entry starting with 8va.

B. Fl. (8va) (loco) 12  
7 8 9 10 +3 sempre sim.

B. Cl. z ff

Perc. 55 gongs cymbals  
f mp subito p mf p

mezzo sop. ff with little pitch  
s'a - bai(s) - - - - s - s - s - s - s - s - se sfz

Pno. 55 6:4 ff  
mp f ff 3:2

Vla. 55 ord. 3:2 6:4 6:4 3:2 half stop (see instructions)  
f mp f mf sfz p mf 3:2

Vc. pizz. arco ord. 3:2  
sfz mp f mp ff mp

*calmandosi*

B. Fl. *only air (white noise)*  
*mp* *pp*

B. Cl. *only air (white noise)*  
*mp* *pp*

Perc. *bass drum*  
*mp* *rub with fingers (or fingernails) or sand paper*  
*mp* *pp*

mezzo sop. *sfmfp* *pp*  
*S*

Pno. *mp* *mp*

Vla. *3:2* *become half stop* *3:2* *3:2* *3:2* *3:2* *pp*

Vc. *pizz.* *p* *half stop (see instructions)* *arco* *ord. vib.* *pp* *p* *sfz* *p* *mf* *p*

**Tempo 1 (♩ = 66)**

B. Fl.

B. Cl.

Perc.

mezzo sop.

Pno.

Vla.

Vc.

62

62

62

62

62

62

*p*

*mp*

*sf mp*

*mf*

*p*

*as before*

*mf*

*p*

*marimba*

*p*

*mp*

*tous*

*les*

*au*

*tres*

*gliss.*

*ra(ngs)*

*(NG)*

*mp*

*mf*

*mp*

*mf*

*mp*

*p*

*5:4*

*5:4*

*5:4*

*5:4*

*sempre ped.*

*ord.*

*p*

*mf*

*p*

*mf*

*SP*

*ord.*

*p*

*mf*

*p*

*mf*

*aeolian*

B. Fl. 66 ord. *tr* (tr)

B. Cl. 8 *sfmp* *sfmp < mf*

Perc. 66 *sfp* *mf* *gongs* *5:4* *5:4* *5:4* *5:4* *5:4* *5:4* *5:4* *f*

mezzo sop. 66 *mp < mf* *dans l'or* *qui les pres - se* *sfz*

Pno. 66 *(chromatic cluster)* *mp mf* *5:4* *5:4* *5:4* *5:4* *ff* *f* *ff*

Vla. 66 *v* *SP* *b* *5:4* *p* *mf* *vib* *f* *ff* *6:4* *6:4* *f*

Vc. 66 *v* *SP* *b* *5:4* *p* *mf* *vib* *f* *ff* *6:4* *6:4* *f*

B. Fl. 70 *ff* *f* *ff* *f* *ff* *f*

B. Cl. *f* *f* *f* VII (very relaxed embouchure) *sfz* *mf* *sfz*

Perc. marimba *f* *sf mf* *f* *sfz* cymbals (damp) marimba *f* *mf*

mezzo sop. 70 *f* tous les au - - - tres rangs dans l'or qui les pres - se

Pno. *ff* *sfz* *mf* *sfz* *f* *sfz* *mf*

Vla. *ff* *f* *sfz* *mf* *sfz* pizz. *sfz* *f*

Vc. *ff* *mf* (non cresc.) *mf* ord. *sfz* pizz. *sfz* arco SP *gliss.* *sfz* *mf* *sfz* (SP) *mf*

74

B. Fl. 3:2

B. Cl. 5:4

Perc. 3:2 gongs marimba

mezzo sop. 5:4 dans l'or qui les PRR - es - se

Pno. 3:2 6:4 6:4 sfz 3:2 f (damp) 5:4 5:4 5:4 mf sfmf

Vla. 3:2 molto SP 5:4 5:4 5:4 ord. gliss.

Vc. 3:2 molto SP 5:4 5:4 5:4 vib SP 5:4 5:4 5:4 ff mf

B. Fl. *p* 77 6:4 6:4 *b>* 5:4 *ff* *sfz* (fingering as before) *z*  
 B. Cl. 18 18 *mp* *f* *ff* *b>* 5:4 *sf-f* *fff* *z*  
 Perc. *ff* *sfz* *p* *gongs* *tam-tam* *bass drum* *mp*  
 mezzo sop.  
 Pno. 77 15<sup>ma</sup> 5:4 *mp* *f* *fff* 5:4 5:4  
 Vla. *ff* *sfmp* *sfz* *f* *z* (unsynchronised) *vib* 5:4  
 Vc. *ff* *sfmp* *sfz* *f* *z* (unsynchronised) *vib* 5:4

*poco rall.* ----- **Tempo 2** ( $\text{♩} = 60$ )

B. Fl. 80  $\text{♩} = 60$

B. Cl. 80  $\text{♩} = 60$

Perc. 80  $\text{♩} = 60$

mezzo sop. 80  $\text{♩} = 60$

Pno. 80 L.H.

Vla. 80  $\text{♩} = 60$

Vc. 80  $\text{♩} = 60$

*(scraping swish with handle of beater  
at a 90° angle on gong,  
producing metallic sound)*

*gongs*

*bass drum*

*pedal change*

*(cont. vib.)*

*ord.*  $\rightarrow$  *SP*

*vib.*  $\downarrow$  *(sempr. SP)*

*gliss.*

*6:4*

*ord.*  $\rightarrow$  *ST*

*gliss.*

*ord.*  $\rightarrow$  *SP*

*vib.*  $\downarrow$  *(sempr. SP)*

*gliss.*

*ST*  $\rightarrow$  *SP*

*p*  $\rightarrow$  *sfp*

B. Fl. 84

B. Cl.

Perc. 84 5:4 rub with finger(s) or sandpaper

mezzo sop.

Pno. 84 5:4 3:2 6:4 3:2 6:4 mp p mp

Vla. 84 arco molto ST 3:2 pizz. 3:2 mf quasi whispering (sempre molto ST) SP ST pp p pp

Vc. p ST molto ST 5:4 3:2 3:2 pp p pp pizz. 3:2 mp

88

B. Fl.  $\text{---}^{3:2}$   $\text{---}^{3:2}$  1 ord.

B. Cl.  $\text{---}^{3:2}$   $\text{---}^{3:2}$

Perc.  $\text{---}^{3:2}$   $\text{---}^{3:2}$   $\text{---}^{3:2}$   $\text{---}^{3:2}$

(\*) Control the air space above the g# opening with one of the RH fingers or with the LH g# lever.

88 crotales  $\text{---}^{3:2}$   $\text{---}^{3:2}$   $\text{---}^{3:2}$   $\text{---}^{3:2}$

mezzo sop.  $\text{---}^{3:2}$   $\text{---}^{3:2}$   $\text{---}^{3:2}$   $\text{---}^{3:2}$

Pno.  $\text{---}^{3:2}$   $\text{---}^{3:2}$   $\text{---}^{3:2}$   $\text{---}^{3:2}$

Vla.  $\text{---}^{3:2}$  ord.  $\text{---}^{3:2}$  SP  $\text{---}^{3:2}$  molto ST  $\text{---}^{3:2}$  pizz.  $\text{---}^{3:2}$

Vc.  $\text{---}^{3:2}$   $\text{---}^{3:2}$   $\text{---}^{3:2}$   $\text{---}^{3:2}$

B. Fl. 92

B. Cl. 8 *mp*

Perc. 92 *mp* (bow) *vibraphone* *sfp*

mezzo sop. 92 *bocca chiusa* *mp* *p* *p* *pp*

Pno. 92 *ord.* *pzz.* *mp* *p* *3:2* *8va*

Vla. 92 *arco ord.* *pizz.* *arco* *3:2* *SP* *3:2* *3:2* *3:2* *3:2* *3:2*

Vc. 92 *ord.* *3:2* *molto SP* *SP* *ord.* *SP* *3:2* *3:2* *3:2* *3:2* *3:2*

96

B. Fl. *pp* — 3:2 — *aeolian* — *ord.* — 3:2 —

B. Cl. *p* — *pp* — *p* — *p* — *mp* — *p* — *mp* — *mf* — *pp* — 3:2 — *tr* — 3:2 —

Perc. *pp* — *mp* — *p* — *mp* — *pp* — *mp* — *pp* — *mp* — *mf*

cymbals

vibraphone

mezzo sop. *p* — 3:2 — 3:2 — est ce la dé tR e —

Pno. *pp* — 3:2 — *pizz.* — *p* — *ord.* — 3:2 — *pp* — *mp* — *p* — *mp* — *pp* — *mf*

Vla. *molto ST* — 3:2 — *pp* — *molto SP* — *pp* — *(molto SP)* — *pp* — *mf* — *pizz.* — *pp* — *arco SP* — *pp*

Vc. *molto ST* — 3:2 — *pp* — *molto SP* — *pp* — *(molto SP)* — *pp* — *mf* — *pizz.* — *pp* — *arco ord.* — *pp*

B. Fl. 100 *mf* *tr* 5 *3:2* *3:2* (sempre sim.) *tr* *3:2* *aeolian* (ord.) *p* *mf*

B. Cl. 9 *mf* *pp* *3:2* *3:2* *3:2* *3:2* *p* *mf*

Perc. 100 *crotal* *mf* *3:2* *3:2* *cymbals* *p* *mf*

mezzo sop. > *p* *mf* *3:2* *3:2* *p* *mf* *3:2* *3:2* *p* *sfmf* *3:2* (e) (e) S e S

Pno. *mf* *pp* *mf* *3:2* *3:2* *3:2* *3:2* *pp* *mf* *3:2* *3:2* *3:2* *3:2* *pp* *mf*

Vla. 100 pizz. ♀ *mf* arco SP *al punto* *gliss.* *3:2* *3:2* ord. *mf* *pp*

Vc. pizz. ♀ *mf* arco *3:2* *3:2* *3:2* *3:2* *mf* *pp* *sfz* *sfz* *pp*

B. Fl. 104

B. Cl.

Perc. 104 [crotales]  $\text{mf}$   $\text{mp}$   $\text{mf}$   $\text{mp}$   $p$   $\text{mf}$

mezzo sop. 104  $>\text{pp}$   $p$   $\text{mf}$   $\text{pp}$   $\text{p}$   $\text{mf}$   $\text{pp}$   $\text{mf}$   $\text{pp}$   $\text{mf}$   $\text{pp}$   $\text{mf}$   $\text{pp}$   
les plis les plis du tour -

Pno. 104  $\text{mf}$   $\text{mf}$   $\text{mp}$   $\text{mf}$   $\text{tr}$   $\text{p}$   $\text{mf}$   $\text{pp}$   $\text{p}$   $\text{mf}$   $\text{pp}$   $\text{mf}$   $\text{pp}$   $\text{mf}$   $\text{pp}$   
 $\text{tr}$   $\text{mf}$   $\text{pp}$   
—

Vla. 104  $\text{mf}$   $\text{pp}$   
*(non cresc.)*  $\text{pp}$   $\text{mf}$   $\text{pp}$   $\text{mf}$   $\text{pp}$   $\text{mf}$   $\text{pp}$   $\text{mf}$   $\text{pp}$   $\text{mf}$   $\text{pp}$   $\text{mf}$   $\text{pp}$   
 $\text{pp}$   $\text{mf}$   $\text{pp}$

Vc. 104  $\text{mf}$   $\text{pp}$   
*(non cresc.)*  $\text{pp}$   $\text{mf}$   $\text{pp}$

B. Fl. 108 *sfz* *trb* *f* *p* *cracked tone with low harmonics* *trb* *3:2* *3:2* *3:2* *6:4* *3:2* *5:4* *sim.* *colour trill*

B. Cl. *mf* *f* *mf* *mf* *vibraphone* *bow* *3:2* *p*

Perc. *p* *f* *tam-tam* *p* *mf* *mf* *mf* *gliss.* *poco f* *mf* *f* *mf*

mezzo sop. *mf* *3:2* *nant* *une* *au* *-* *-* *-* *-* *-* *-* *tre*

Pno. *mp* *sfz* *f* *sfz* *trb* *3:2* *sfz* *mf* *mp* *trb*

Vla. *sfz* *f* *p* *ord.* *SP* *ord.* *SP* *ord.* *SP* *molto SP* *p*

Vc. *sfz* *f* *p* *ord.* *SP* *ord.* *SP* *ord.* *poco f* *mf* *ord.* *#* *p*

B. Fl. *p*

B. Cl. *p*

Perc. *mf*

mezzo sop. *mai* *tre* *ss*

Pno. *mf p* *mp* *mf* *mf*

Vla. *mp pp* *p* *mp p* *mf* *sfz* *p* *sfz mf*

Vc. *sfp* *medium slow trill. a little faster than quintuplets of b.cl.* *SP* *molto SP* *mf* *pizz.* *sfz*

116

B. Fl. 5:4 sfz p sfz mp sfz

B. Cl. 5:4 mf 5:4 5:4

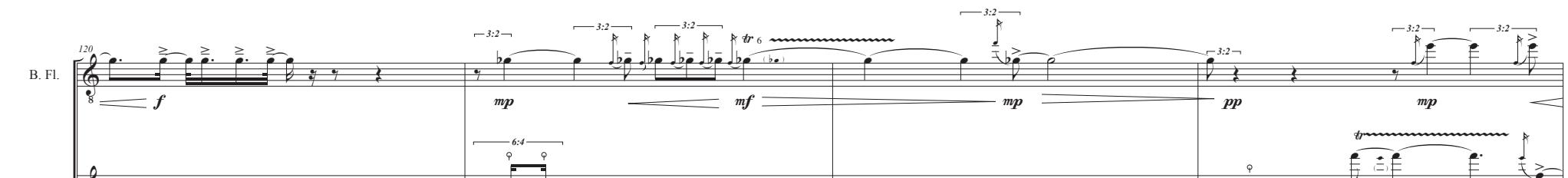
Perc. 3:2 (ord.) gongs 5:4 5:4 5:4 sfp mp pp mf sfp mp sfz mf mp vibraphone 3:2 vibrato

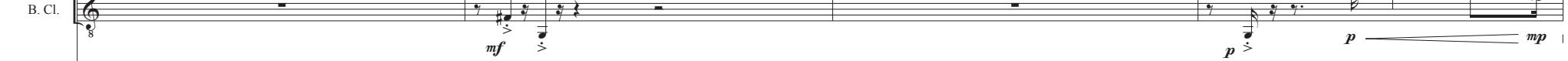
mezzo sop. 116 e sur le même champ

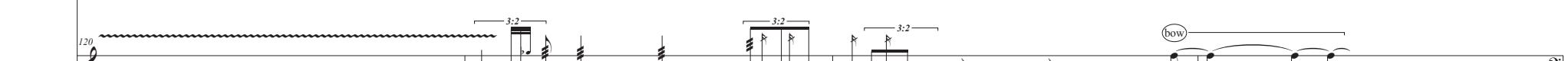
Pno. 116 b ♫ p mf mp f mf 5:4

Vla. 116 pizz. arco molto SP gliss. ord. 5:4 5:4 5:4

Vc. 5:4 pizz. arco molto SP quasi whispering 5:4 5:4

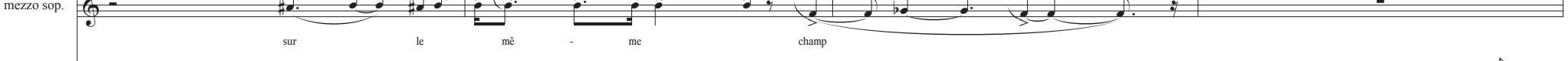
B. Fl. 120 

B. Cl. 

Perc. 120 

mezzo sop. 120 

Pno. 120 

Vla. 120 

Vc. 

Vc. 

124

B. Fl.  $\begin{array}{c} \nearrow \\ \searrow \end{array}$  (sim.)

B. Cl.  $\begin{array}{c} \nearrow \\ \searrow \end{array}$

Perc. [gongs]  $\begin{array}{c} \nearrow \\ \searrow \end{array}$

mezzo sop. la fleur d'al - lé - gres - - - - se

Pno.  $\begin{array}{c} \nearrow \\ \searrow \end{array}$   $\begin{array}{c} \nearrow \\ \searrow \end{array}$   $\begin{array}{c} \nearrow \\ \searrow \end{array}$   $\begin{array}{c} \nearrow \\ \searrow \end{array}$

Vla.  $\begin{array}{c} \nearrow \\ \searrow \end{array}$  SP (SP)  $\begin{array}{c} \nearrow \\ \searrow \end{array}$   $\begin{array}{c} \nearrow \\ \searrow \end{array}$   $\begin{array}{c} \nearrow \\ \searrow \end{array}$  ord.  $\begin{array}{c} \nearrow \\ \searrow \end{array}$  molto ST

Vc.  $\begin{array}{c} \nearrow \\ \searrow \end{array}$  SP (SP)  $\begin{array}{c} \nearrow \\ \searrow \end{array}$   $\begin{array}{c} \nearrow \\ \searrow \end{array}$  molt. ST

B. Fl. 128 *mp* *p*

B. Cl. *p* *pp*

Perc. *mp* *pp* *tam-tam* *S near edge* *gongs* *cymbals* *(bow)* *pp*

mezzo sop. 128 *p* *quasi eco* *mp* *p* *becoming whisper*  
al - lé - gres - - - se

Pno. 128 *mp* *p* *mp* *p* *pp* *ord. trb.* *trb.*

Vla. 128 *mp* *pp* *vib* *molto SP* *pp* *mp* *molto SP (quasi whispering)*

Vc. *mp* *pp* *vib* *molto SP* *ord. gett.* *sfp* *> pp* *SP* *ord.* *SP*

**Tempo 3 ( $\text{♩} = 77$ )**

B. Fl. (ord.)  $\text{♩} = 77$

B. Cl. aeolian  $\xrightarrow{3:2}$  cracked  $\xrightarrow{3:2}$   $\text{♩} = 16$

Perc. bow  $\text{♩} = 132$  gongs  $\text{♩} = 132$

mezzo sop.

Pno.  $\text{♩} = 132$

Vla. SP  $\text{♩} = 132$  pizz. arco  $\text{♩} = 132$  pizz.  $\xrightarrow{3:2}$   $\text{♩} = 132$

Vc. (SP)  $\text{♩} = 132$  pizz. arco  $\text{♩} = 132$  pizz.  $\text{♩} = 132$

136

B. Fl.  $f$   $sfmf$   $f$

B. Cl.  $f$

Perc.  $mp$   $mf$  [tam-tam]  $mf$   $mp$   $f$   $poco f$

mezzo sop.

Pno.  $f$   $mf$   $f$   $mf$   $ff$   $f$   $ff$   $mf$

Vla.  $f$   $f$   $sfmp$   $sp$   $sfz$   $sfmf$

Vc.  $f$   $f$   $arco$   $sfmp$   $sp$   $sfz$   $sfmf$

à tous les pen -

B. Fl. 140 *mf* *sfp* *mf* *sfp* *mf* *f* *sfpf* *f* *f* *sfpf*

B. Cl. 140 *mf* *sfp* *mf* *sfp* *ff* *sfpf* *f* *f* *sfpf*

Perc. 140 *gongs* *mf* *f* *poco f* *5:4* *mf* *f* *tam-tam*

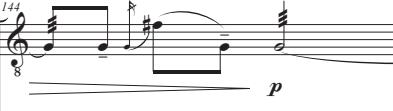
mezzo sop. 140 *f* *5:4* *mf* *f* *mf* *5:4* *f* *molto vib.* *5:4* *mp*  
*chants* *le* *so* *-* *leil* *en* *tres* *-* *-* *-* *-* *ses*

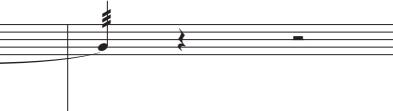
Pno. 140 *f* *5:4* *sfmp* *mf* *f* *5:4* *mf* *5:4* *mf*

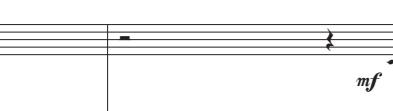
Vla. 140 → SP *6:4* *sfp* *pizz.* *5:4* *ff* *5:4* *sfz* *ord.* → SP  
*sfp* *6:4* *pizz.* *ff* *5:4* *sfz* *ord.* → SP

Vc. 140 → SP *6:4* *pizz.* *ff* *5:4* *sfz* *ord.* → SP

144

B. Fl. 

B. Cl. 

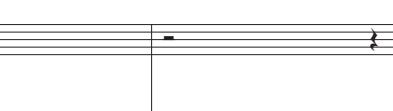
Perc. 

mezzo sop. 

Pno. 

Vla. 

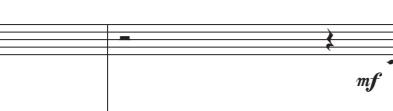
Vc. 















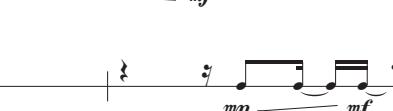


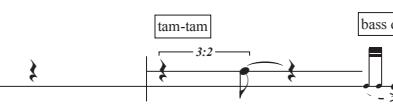


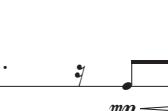










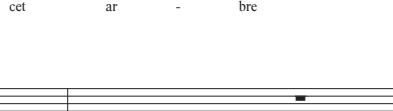






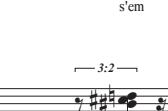




















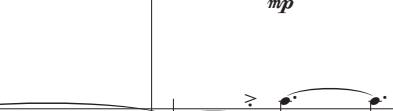


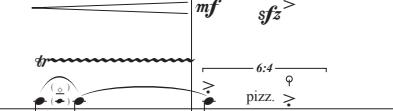








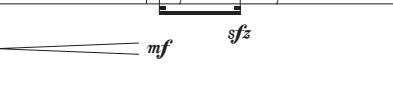
















B. Fl. 148 *tr* *mf* *f* *mp*

B. Cl. *mf* *f* *mp* *z* *ord.*

Perc. *p* *mf* *mp* *mf* *bass drum* *gongs*

mezzo sop. *se* *entre* *les mon -* *tants* *du dé -* *cor* *quelle lais -* *se pour* *tous les pas -*

Pno. *tr* *mf* *mp* *(R.H.)* *(L.H.)* *f* *mf* *f* *ff* *f*

Vla. *arco* *sfmf* *f* *molto SP* *tr* *sfz* *mf* *pizz.* *ff*

Vc. *arco* *sfmf* *f* *molto SP* *tr* *sfz* *mf* *pizz.* *ff*

*calmando poco a poco*

B. Fl. 152 *ff* *ff*

B. Cl. *ff*

Perc. *bass drum* *spp* *mp* *mf* *f* *fff* *ff* *tam-tam* *gongs* *mf*

mezzo sop. *sants* *les* *pas* *sants*

Pno. *f* *ff* *tr* *ff* *5:4* *3:2* *ff* *f* *fff* *5:4*

Vla. *3:2* *gliss.* *5:4* *gliss.* *6:4* *pizz.* *ff* *arco* *mf* *fff*

Vc. *f* *<sfz* *f* *<sfz* *f* *<sfz* *ff* *3:2* *gliss.* *5:4* *gliss.* *pizz.* *ff* *arco* *mf* *fff* *sf* *f* *fff*

B. Fl. 156

B. Cl.

Perc. 156

mezzo sop.

Pno. 156

Vla. 156

Vc.

Detailed description: This is a page from a musical score. It contains six staves of music. The top three staves are for woodwind instruments: Bassoon (B. Fl.), Bassoon (B. Cl.), and Percussion (Perc.). The bottom three staves are for strings: Mezzo-Soprano (mezzo sop.), Piano (Pno.), and Double Bass (Vc.). The score is divided into measures by vertical bar lines. Measure 156 starts with a single note on the Bassoon (B. Fl.) staff. The Bassoon (B. Cl.) staff has a rhythmic pattern of eighth and sixteenth notes. The Percussion staff has a pattern of eighth and sixteenth notes with dynamic markings ff, ff, ff, mp, f, sfp, ff, tam-tam, gongs, bass drum, 3:2, p, mp, mp, mp, mp, mf, 3:2. The Mezzo-Soprano staff is silent. The Piano staff has a dynamic ff, 3:2, ff, 3:2, f, (ff), mf. The Double Bass staff is silent. Measure 157 begins with a single note on the Double Bass (Vc.) staff. The Vc. staff has a dynamic sfp, gliss., mp, sp. The other staves remain silent in this measure.

Più calmo ( $\text{♩} = 66$ )

B. Fl.

B. Cl.

Perc.

mezzo sop.

Pno.

Vla.

Vc.

160

160

160

160

160

160

160

tr 15 (sim.) bass drum

mp mf p pp ppp

bass drum

(harmonic)

SP vib SP ord. SP

gloss. 3:2 3:2 3:2

p pp

164

B. Fl.

B. Cl.

Perc.

vibraphone

*pp* non cresc.

mezzo sop.

Pno.

Vla.

Vc.

ord. *pp* — *p* — *pp*

ord. *pp* — *p* — *pp*

This musical score page contains six staves of music for orchestra and piano. The instruments listed are Bassoon (B. Fl.), Bassoon (B. Cl.), Percussion (Perc.), Mezzo-Soprano (mezzo sop.), Piano (Pno.), Violin (Vla.), and Cello (Vc.). The score is in common time, with a key signature of one sharp. Measure 164 begins with a dynamic of *p*, followed by *pp* and *tr*. The bassoon parts feature various rhythmic patterns, including 3:2 and 6:4 time signatures. The percussion part includes a vibraphone part with a dynamic of *pp* non cresc. The piano part has a dynamic of *pp*. The violin and cello parts end with dynamics of *ord. pp*, *p*, and *pp*.

168

B. Fl. 8

B. Cl. 8

Perc. 168

mezzo sop.

Pno. 168 8

Vla. 168 > pp

Vc. pp p ppp

aeolian

ord.

6:4

(toneless)

molto calmo ma a Tempo

3:2

5:4

3:2

3:2

SP

SP

Musical score page 47, measures 172-180.

**B. Fl.** (Measures 172-180): Treble clef, key signature of 8 sharps. Measures 172-177 show eighth-note patterns. Measure 178 starts with a sixteenth-note pattern labeled "ord." followed by a sixteenth-note cluster labeled "dolce". Measures 179-180 show eighth-note patterns. Measure 180 ends with a sixteenth-note pattern labeled "(as before)" followed by a sixteenth-note cluster labeled "aeolian".

**B. Cl.** (Measures 172-180): Bass clef, key signature of 8 flats. Measures 172-177 show eighth-note patterns. Measure 178 starts with a sixteenth-note pattern labeled "ord." followed by a sixteenth-note cluster labeled "dolce". Measures 179-180 show eighth-note patterns. Measure 180 ends with a sixteenth-note pattern labeled "(as before)" followed by a sixteenth-note cluster labeled "aeolian".

**Perc.** (Measures 172-180): Empty staff.

**mezzo sop.** (Measures 172-180): Empty staff.

**Pno.** (Measures 172-180): Bass clef, key signature of 8 flats. Measures 172-177 show eighth-note patterns. Measure 178 starts with a sixteenth-note pattern labeled "ord." followed by a sixteenth-note cluster labeled "dolce". Measures 179-180 show eighth-note patterns. Measure 180 ends with a sixteenth-note pattern labeled "(as before)" followed by a sixteenth-note cluster labeled "aeolian".

**Vla.** (Measures 172-180): Bass clef, key signature of 8 flats. Measures 172-180 are empty.

**Vc.** (Measures 172-180): Bass clef, key signature of 8 flats. Measures 172-180 are empty.

**Tempo 1 ( $\text{♩} = 66$ ) ma calmo**

B. Fl. 176

B. Cl.

Perc. 176 gongs triangle

mezzo sop.

Pno. 176 p (all harmonics)

Vla. 176 ord. ppp pp p → SP molto SP pp pp p mp

Vc. 176 ord. ppp pp p → SP pp pp p mp

B. Fl. 180 5:4 5:4 aeolian ord. aeolian  
 B. Cl. 8 pp poco *f* p mp p pp p  
 Perc. 180 [gongs]  
 mezzo sop.  
 Pno. 180 *mp* *p* *pp* *mp*  
 Vla. 180 ord. *pp* *pp* *mp* *pp* *p* *pp*  
 Vc. *mp* *pp* *pp* *pp* *p* *pp* *pp*

This musical score page contains six staves of music for orchestra and piano. The instruments are: Bassoon (B. Fl.), Bassoon (B. Cl.), Percussion (Perc.), Mezzo-Soprano (mezzo sop.), Piano (Pno.), and Double Bass (Vcl.). The score is divided into two main sections by measure number 180. The first section starts at measure 180 and ends at measure 181. The second section begins at measure 181 and ends at measure 182. The instrumentation changes between the two sections. In the first section, the Bassoon (B. Fl.) and Bassoon (B. Cl.) play, while the Percussion (Perc.) and Mezzo-Soprano (mezzo sop.) provide harmonic support. The Piano (Pno.) and Double Bass (Vcl.) play in the second section. The score includes various dynamics such as *p* (piano), *f* (forte), *mp* (mezzo-forte), and *pp* (pianissimo). It also features performance instructions like "as before", "calm", and "ord." (ordinary). Measure numbers 180, 181, and 182 are marked at the start of each section. Measure 181 includes a bracketed instruction "[gongs]" above the Percussion staff.

Musical score page 50, system 184.

**B. Fl.** (Bassoon Flute): Measures 1-3 are rests. Measure 4 begins with a single eighth note followed by a fermata. Measure 5 starts with a sixteenth-note pattern labeled *aeolian*. Measure 6 continues the *aeolian* pattern. Measure 7 begins with a sixteenth-note pattern labeled *ord.* (ordinal). Measure 8 begins with a sixteenth-note pattern labeled *aeolian*.

**B. Cl.** (Bassoon Clarinet): Measures 1-3 are rests. Measure 4 begins with a sixteenth-note pattern labeled *aeolian*. Measure 5 continues the *aeolian* pattern with a grace note labeled *tr 5*. Measures 6-8 are rests.

**Perc.** (Percussion): Measures 1-3 are rests. Measure 4 begins with a sixteenth-note pattern labeled *tam-tam*, *soft beater*, and *gongs*. Measures 5-8 are rests.

**mezzo sop.** (Mezzo-Soprano): Measures 1-3 are rests. Measure 4 begins with a sixteenth-note pattern labeled *p dolce*. The lyrics "le pont ca - che des voix au fil" are written below the vocal line. Measures 5-8 continue the sixteenth-note pattern.

**Pno.** (Piano): Measures 1-3 are rests. Measure 4 begins with a sixteenth-note pattern labeled *pp* and *ord.* Measures 5-8 continue the sixteenth-note pattern.

**Vla.** (Violin): Measures 1-3 are rests. Measures 4-8 begin with sixteenth-note patterns labeled *pp* and *mp*.

**Vc.** (Cello): Measures 1-3 are rests. Measures 4-8 begin with sixteenth-note patterns labeled *pp* and *mp*.

B. Fl. 188

B. Cl. *aeolian*

Perc. *tam-tam*

mezzo sop. *de l'eau qui glisse* *se tous les*

Pno. *ord.* *p*

Vla. *> pp*

Vc. *> pp*

Detailed description: This is a page from a musical score. It features six staves. The top staff is for the Bassoon (B. Fl.), followed by Bassoon (B. Cl.), Percussion (Perc.), Mezzo-Soprano (mezzo sop.), Piano (Pno.), and Double Bass (Vcl.). The score is marked with dynamic changes such as *pp*, *mp*, *p*, and *>p*. There are also performance instructions like "aeolian", "gliss.", and "tam-tam". The vocal part (Mezzo-Soprano) has lyrics: "de l'eau qui glisse se tous les". The piano part includes a dynamic *ord.* (ordinario). The double bass part includes a dynamic *> pp*.

B. Fl. 192 *pp* (no cresc.)

B. Cl. 18 14 (sim.) 3:2

Perc. *gongs* 192 *pp* *mp* *p* *pp* *tam-tam*

mezzo sop. 192 *mp* *p* *pp* *gliss.* *gliss.* *gliss.* yeux ont le choix d'un poids qui les u nis - - - - - sc

Pno. 192 *p* *p* (no cresc.)

Vla. 192 ST *pp* *mp* ST vib *pp* *SP* *p* *mp* ST vib *p*

Vc. ST vib *pp* *mp* ST vib *p*

*poco rall.*Tempo 4: più lento ( $\text{♩} = 56$ )

B. Fl. 196 *pp*

B. Cl. → aeolian *p* *ppp*

Perc. 196 [bass drum] *ppp* *pp* *p*

mezzo sop. 196 *pp* *p* la lu - ne au fond des bois *mp* (no cresc.)

Pno. 196 *pp* *mp*

Vla. 196 → ord. → SP → molto SP (C.L. batt.) *p* *pp*

Vc. → SP → (C.L. batt.) ord. → SP *trb* *p* *pp* *sf'p* *mp*

*rall. poco a poco al* -----

B. Fl. 200 play and hum same pitch  
*poco f*

B. Cl. *mp* *poco f* *mf* *mp* *p*

Perc. *mp* *mf* *poco f* *pp* *tam-tam* *s* *p*

mezzo sop.

Pno. 200 *tr* *mp* *mf* *poco f* *sfz* *mf* *mf*

Vla. 200 *mf* *sp* *ord.* *sfz* *poco f* *3:2* *sp* *gliss.* *mf* *st* *mp* *ord.* *gliss.*  
 Vc. *mf* *sp* *ord.* *sfz* *poco f* *3:2* *sp* *gliss.* *mf* *st* *ord.* *mf*

**Lento (♩ = 50)**

204

B. Fl. *mp* *pp* *p* *pp* *aeolian* *(ord.)* *pp*

B. Cl. *pp* *3:2* *3:2* *3:2* *aeolian* *(ord.)*

Perc. *mp* *cymbals* *bow* *waterphone* (or crotales. see instructions) *bow*

mezzo sop. *dolce poco misterioso*  
pour que la nuit fin - nis - se

Pno. *calmo (quasi celesta)* *pp (loco)*

Vla. *SP vib* *mf* *p* *ord.* *pp* *p* *pp* *pp*

Vc. *p* *ST* *SP* *ST* *(sempre ST)* *3:2* *3:2*

208

B. Fl.

B. Cl.

Perc.

mezzo sop.

Pno.

Vla.

Vc.

*pp* — *p*

*bow*

*cymbals*

*(flz.)*

*(non flz.)*

*waterphone*

*pp*

*fi - nis - se*

*8* 208

*ord.*

*pp*

*sempre pp*

*gliss.*

*sempre pp*

*5:4*

*5:4*

*3:2*

212

B. Fl. 3:2 5:4 3:2 5:4 3:2 5:4 3:2 5:4

B. Cl. 5:4 3:2 5:4 5:4 5:4 3:2

Perc. 212 bow 5:4 5:4 cymbals bow waterphone bow pp p pp

mezzo sop. 212 3:2 5:4 fi nis

Pno. 212 8va - - - - -

Vla. 212 3:2 gliss. 5:4 6:4 5:4 6:4

Vc. 6:4 5:4 gliss. 5:4 5:4 5:4

216

B. Fl.

B. Cl.

Perc.

mezzo sop.

Pno.

Vla.

Vc.

This musical score page contains six staves, each with a unique set of performance instructions:

- B. Fl. (Bar 216):** Includes slurs, grace notes, and dynamic markings like  $\frac{5}{4}$ .
- B. Cl. (Bar 216):** Features slurs and dynamic markings like  $\frac{5}{4}$ .
- Perc. (Bar 216):** Shows a dynamic  $p$ , bowing, and dynamic markings like  $\frac{5}{4}$ .
- mezzo sop. (Bar 216):** Includes dynamics *becoming toneless*, *whispering*, and *n*.
- Pno. (Bar 216):** Shows a dynamic  $\frac{5}{4}$  and a piano dynamic  $\frac{8}{5:4}$ .
- Vla. (Bar 216):** Includes slurs, dynamic markings like  $\frac{5}{4}$ , and a glissando instruction.
- Vc. (Bar 216):** Shows a dynamic  $\frac{5}{4}$ ,  $\frac{3}{2}$ , *pizz.*, *sul A*, *arco*, and a dynamic  $\frac{5}{4}$ .

Musical score page 59 featuring six staves of music for various instruments. The staves are:

- B. Fl.**: Bassoon Flute. Dynamics:  $p$ ,  $pp$ ,  $ppp$ . Performance instruction: *only air*.
- B. Cl.**: Bassoon Clarinet. Dynamics:  $p$ ,  $pp$ . Performance instruction: *only air*.
- Perc.**: Percussion. Dynamics:  $p$ ,  $pp$ . Performance instruction: *(bow)*.
- mezzo sop.**: Mezzo Soprano. Dynamics:  $p$ .
- Pno.**: Piano. Dynamics:  $p$ . Performance instruction: *(loco)*.
- Vla.**: Violin. Dynamics:  $p$ . Performance instruction: *SP*, *ord.*
- Vc.**: Cello. Dynamics:  $p$ . Performance instruction: *SP*, *ord.*

The score includes various performance techniques such as *only air*, *(bow)*, *(loco)*, *SP*, *ord.*, *gliss.*, and *5:4* (indicated by a bracket over groups of five notes).

224

B. Fl.

B. Cl.

Perc. (bow) *don't damp*

mezzo sop.

Pno.

Vla. *gliss.* → SP *ppp*

Vc. *5:4* → SP *ppp*

This musical score page contains six staves of music. The top two staves are for woodwind instruments: Bassoon Flute (B. Fl.) and Bassoon Clarinet (B. Cl.). The third staff is for Percussion (Perc.). The fourth staff is for Mezzo-Soprano (mezzo sop.). The fifth staff is for Piano (Pno.). The bottom two staves are for strings: Violin (Vla.) and Cello (Vc.). The tempo is marked as 224. The first measure of the score consists of three measures of rests. The second measure begins with a single note on the Bassoon Flute staff, followed by a measure of eighth-note patterns for the Percussion and Violin staves. The third measure begins with a single note on the Cello staff, followed by a measure of eighth-note patterns for the Violin and Cello staves. Various dynamic markings are present, including 'bow' for Percussion, 'gliss.' for Violin, and 'ppp' for both Violin and Cello. The Violin and Cello staves also feature slurs and grace notes.